

FAIRFAX MAN IS MISSING

Private Ernest L. Elmer Is Listed Among To-day's Casualties

MEC. ALBERT SEVIGNY, NO. TROY, INJURED

Private George J. Charlan of Richmond Also Missing

Washington, D. C., Nov. 30.—To-day's casualty list contained 1,153 names, divided as follows: Killed in action, 351; died of wounds, 105; died of accident or other cause, 9; wounded severely, 28; wounded slightly, 135; missing in action, 311; died of disease, 140; wounded (degree undetermined), 74. The New England men included were as follows:

Killed in Action.

Sgt. Willard D. Manley, Bangor, Me.
Sgt. Peter S. Fero, Bridgeport, Conn.
Corp. Toby B. Asmar, Danbury, Conn.
Corp. Ernest Forsberg, Gildersleeve, Conn.
Corp. Alexander H. Borland, Hingham, Mass.
Pvt. William Gruetke, New Haven, Conn.
Pvt. William H. Hemmingway, New Haven, Conn.
Pvt. Hyman Hilbert, Hartford, Conn.
Pvt. Andrew Lengyel, Wallingford, Conn.
Pvt. Joseph C. Underwood, Meriden, Conn.
Pvt. Antonio Veiera, New Bedford, Mass.
Pvt. William C. Penhale, Holyoke, Mass.
Pvt. Albert J. Simmons, Warren, R. I.
Pvt. Thomas Siomakewicz, New Britain, Conn.
Pvt. Philip R. Pighe, Bedford, Me.
Pvt. James M. Barrie, E. Milton, Mass.
Pvt. William E. Conway, E. Braintree, Mass.
Pvt. James Davidson, Concord, Conn.
Pvt. Alie Campanelli, New Britain, Conn.
Pvt. John E. Brown, Pembroke, Mass.
Pvt. Thomas O'Connell, Haverhill, Mass.

Died of Wounds.

Pvt. Martin J. Foley, Manchester, N. H.
Pvt. John J. Collins, Manchester, N. H.
Pvt. Michael Clayman, Boston.
Pvt. Sylvester M. Kelly, Lewiston, Me.
Pvt. William J. Keyes, Roxbury, Mass.
Pvt. John M. King, Lowell, Mass.
Pvt. Frederick B. Nittel, Clinton, Conn.
Pvt. Walter M. Swanson, Hartford, Conn.

Wounded Severely.

Pvt. Thomas W. Frothingham, Portland, Me.
Pvt. Harold J. McQuinn, Waverly, Mass.

Wounded Slightly.

Corp. George S. Dooling, Somerville, Mass.
Pvt. Alfons Akotowicz, New Britain, Conn.
Pvt. Clinton Barber, Crompton, R. I.
Pvt. Edward Brock, Everett, Mass.
Pvt. Elphage Chavallier, River Point, R. I.
Pvt. Frank M. Kilguff, Waterbury, Conn.
Pvt. Frank J. O'Brien, Roxbury, Mass.
Pvt. William J. O'Brien, Boston.
Pvt. John J. O'Callahan, Dorchester, Mass.
Pvt. John L. Resnick, Worcester, Mass.
Pvt. Edwin M. Rowe, Everett, Mass.
Pvt. Walter J. Stockley, Pittsfield, Mass.
Pvt. John Wereny, Lynn, Mass.
Pvt. Henry G. Wickham, Athol, Mass.
Pvt. Waldo N. Young, Worcester, Mass.
Pvt. Anthony DeCosta, New Bedford, Mass.
Pvt. Emil R. Grentzer, Danbury, Conn.
Pvt. Charles W. Hubbard, South Beach, Conn.
Pvt. Charles Karakoosh, Worcester, Mass.

Missing in Action.

Sgt. Lloyd H. Gledhill, Washington, R. I.
Corp. Joseph U. Thompson, Watertown, Mass.
Corp. Floyd H. Andrews, Worcester, Mass.
Pvt. Paul G. Eyrlandson, Malden, Mass.
Pvt. Carl E. Polson, Washington, Me.
Pvt. Joseph Godfrey, Attleboro, Mass.
Pvt. Arvid L. Kindstedt, Auburn, R. I.
Pvt. Percy V. Smith, N. Grantham, Mass.
Pvt. Leonard Theroux, Attleboro, R. I.
Pvt. Elwin G. Young, Colebrook, N. H.
Pvt. Fred M. Flood, N. Waterbury, Me.
Pvt. Giuseppe Amadio, Milford, N. H.
Pvt. Richard Clancy, Bridgeport, Conn.
Pvt. William T. Coughlin, Hartford, Conn.
Pvt. Henry A. Fildel, W. Thornton, N. H.
Pvt. George P. Williamson, E. New Portland, Me.
Pvt. Bernard B. Barry, Manchester, N. H.
Pvt. Arthur Bruneau, Cambridge, Mass.
Pvt. George J. Charlan, Richmond, Vt.
Pvt. Arthur W. Currie, Oxfordville, N. H.
Pvt. William C. Currier, W. Milan, N. H.
Pvt. Harry Fast, New Haven, Conn.

Died of Disease.

Corp. James L. Burns, Ware, Mass.
Corp. Henry Glickman, Dorchester, Mass.
Corp. Joseph J. Buckley, Boston.
Corp. Joseph Appl, Lowell, Mass.
Pvt. Ernest L. Elmer, Fairfax, Vt.
Pvt. Richard W. Freeman, E. Boston, Mass.
Pvt. Michael M. Kearney, Amesbury, Mass.
Pvt. Albert F. Plotz, Worcester, Mass.

Wounded (Degree Undetermined).

Sgt. Harry E. Daley, New Haven, Conn.
Corp. Warren E. Churchill, Worcester, Mass.
Corp. John J. MacKay, Everett, Mass.
Corp. James A. Neceros, Bridgeton, Me.
Pvt. Carl S. Atwood, Melrose, Mass.
Pvt. Walter A. Bangs, Somerville, Mass.
Pvt. Joseph J. Galligan, S. Boston, Mass.
Pvt. Cornelius O'Rourke, Providence, R. I.
Pvt. Edward M. Sullivan, New Center, Mass.

160 Hens—1500 Eggs

Mrs. H. M. Patton, Waverly, Mo., writes: "I fed two boxes of 'More Eggs' to my hens and broke the egg record. I got 1,500 eggs from 160 hens in exactly 21 days. You can do as well. Any poultry raiser can easily double his profits by doubling the egg production of his hens. A scientific tonic has been discovered that revitalizes the flock and makes hens work all the time. The tonic is called 'More Eggs.' Give your hens a few cents' worth of 'More Eggs,' and you will be amazed and delighted with results. 'More Eggs' will double your hens' production of eggs, so if you wish to try this great egg-raising tonic, write E. Reifer, poultry expert, Dept. 1171, Reifer Bldg., Kansas City, Mo., for a 21 package of 'More Eggs' tonic. Or send \$2.25 special discount for three regular 21 packages on special discount for a season's supply. A million-dollar bank guarantee if you are not absolutely satisfied, your money will be returned on request and the 'More Eggs' costs you nothing. You take no risk. Write today. Pin a dollar bill to your letter, or send \$2.25 special discount for three packages. Or ask Mr. Reifer to send you free his poultry book that tells the experience of a man who has made a fortune out of poultry.—Adv.

AFTER INFLUENZA

The Grip, Fevers, and Other Blood-Poisoning, Prostrating Diseases, the best course of restorative treatment, purifying the blood, strengthening the nerves, stimulating the liver, is: Hood's Sarsaparilla, the standard blood purifier, laxative, and tonic. Peptonin, a real iron tonic (chocolate pills), after eating. Hood's Pills (cathartic, mild and effective) as needed. These three great medicines make convalescence real, rapid and perfect. They are also of service in the prevention of disease and the preservation of health. They form Hood's Triple Combination Treatment. Each is good alone; all are good together. Get them to-day.—Adv.

WAS OF IRASBURG.

Wesley E. Buck Mentioned as Slightly Wounded.

Wesley E. Buck, who was classed as slightly wounded in the casualty list Friday as of Harrisburg, is of Irasburg. He went into the draft army at Camp Devens in September, 1917, and was assigned to the 302d infantry, battery B. He went overseas last winter.

Mrs. L. A. Kelly of Montpelier received a letter from Arthur S. Huse, her brother, stating that he has been gassed and is recovering at a convalescent hospital in France. Over a month ago she received a letter that he was expecting to be able to leave the hospital shortly but it was not until she received the letter Friday that the reason for his being in the hospital was known. He is a son of Samuel Huse, late of Barre. He expects to be able to come home in a short time. He left Montpelier May 25 and the first of July went overseas in the 304th infantry, which was a replacement regiment in the 76th division. He was later transferred to the 18th infantry, getting gassed in September. George W. Foster, who is mentioned as of Cutterville, is a Shrewsbury boy. He was killed Oct. 25. He was a member of Company D, 101st infantry. An effort is being made to ascertain more facts relative to Eugene Burroughs, who is reported as having died in France, for his family has received a message since, that he is recovering in nice shape.

RETURN TO TWO-CENT POSTAGE DEMANDED

Senate Finance Committee Also Votes to Abolish Zone Rise in Second-Class Rates.

Washington, Nov. 30.—Repeal of the increased postage rates was approved yesterday by the Senate finance committee. Amendments to the war revenue bill were adopted to abolish the zone increase on second-class rates, with a proviso that the rate shall be one and one-half cents per pound beyond a 200-mile radius, and also for repeal of the extra cent per ounce postage on letters. The change in second-class postage, under the committee's amendment would be effective July 1, next. Many publishers, particularly those of magazines, have attacked the existing zone system as unjust. The amendment is designed to meet the general desire of newspaper publishers for a fair rate within their principal distribution areas and also to make more equitable the second-class rates outside of the 200-mile limit. The amendment to reduce the letter rate which was offered by Senator Gore of Oklahoma, Democrat, would reduce government revenues about \$70,000,000.

WILSON INSULT CASE WAS DISMISSED

Swedish Paper Had Been Sued by American Legation at Stockholm Because of Articles Published.

Stockholm, Friday, Nov. 29.—The suit instituted by the American legation against the Aftonbladet of this city in which it was charged that the newspaper had insulted President Wilson, has been dismissed on technical grounds.

The basis for the suit, according to the complaint, was that the newspaper had "injured a foreign power and made an attempt to interfere with amicable relations existing between Sweden and the United States." The Aftonbladet had printed a series of articles regarding America's action in entering the war and containing personal reflections upon President Wilson.

DELAWARE RIVER YARDS BUSY.

Even Though the Coming of Peace Will Check General Operations.

Philadelphia, Nov. 30.—Announcement that peace will not stop shipbuilding activities of the yards fringing the Delaware river is made by Charles Piez, vice-president and general manager of the Emergency Fleet corporation. The work will be lessened only through elimination of all overtime labor. Further assurance that no move is contemplated to curtail operations is given in the advertisements in the papers here for skilled and unskilled workmen for employment at the yards.

Ships and more ships, according to Mr. Piez, will be needed to transport food supplies to feed Europe, and for the necessary materials that will be required for the reconstruction period in the war-stricken zone.

"We must continue to build ships for an indefinite period to carry on that work," said Mr. Piez, "as there are not nearly enough at present. If any changes are made in our building program, they will affect only the form and degree of the work outlined."

There is to be no wholesale cancellation of contracts, or the elimination of departments, insisted Mr. Piez, who declared that whatever changes are necessary will be of a gradual sort, and workers whose departments may be abandoned will be placed in other branches of the industry.

At the world's largest shipyard—Hog Island—work will go steadily ahead, and men skilled in building vessels will have no difficulty in getting employment there. Men without experience may find employment also, for the schools for instruction where "green hands" have been converted into shipbuilders will be continued.

PORTER ESCAPES JAIL.

Burlington Man Was Charged with Post-office Robbery.

Concord, N. H., Nov. 30.—Frank Porter of Burlington, Vt., charged with post-office robbery, and Howard W. Porter, formerly of Manchester, accused of using the mails in a scheme to defraud and of jail jumping, escaped yesterday from the Merrimack county jail here. They out-threw the bars of their cells and the bars of a window.

RECEPTION FOR PRES. WILSON

Brest Is Planning to Give Him a Marked Demonstration

HE WILL BE SHOWN YANKEES' WORK

Brest Is One of Principal Ports of Debarkation for Americans

Paris, Nov. 30 (Havas).—Brest is planning a great reception for President Wilson, who will be shown some of the work that has been done by Americans. Brest has been one of the principal ports of debarkation for American troops.

KEEP UP GOLD STANDARD.

Persistent Demand Is Being Heard in Great Britain.

London, Nov. 30.—Conditions necessary to the maintenance of an effective gold standard should be restored without delay after the terms of peace are signed, reports a committee headed by Lord Curzon which was appointed to consider currency and foreign exchange problems after the war. The committee said: "Unless the machinery which long experience has shown to be the only effective remedy for an adverse balance of trade and an undue growth of credit is once more brought into play, there will be grave danger of a progressive credit expansion which will result in a foreign drain of gold menacing the convertibility of our issue and so jeopardize the international trade position of the country." To maintain the gold standard the committee recommended cessation of government borrowing as soon as possible, establishment of an adequate sinking fund out of the revenues and the raising of the Bank of England discount rates.

TO LIMIT OF CAPACITY.

Germany Must Pay the Cost of the War, British Premier Declares.

Newcastle, England, Nov. 30.—Germany must pay the cost of the war to the limit of her capacity, Premier Lloyd George declared in a speech here yesterday.

The submarine pirates must be punished, the premier added, and whoever devastated the lands of another country ought to be responsible for it.

Referring to the culpability of the authors of the war, Mr. Lloyd George said the government intended that the investigation to be conducted should be a perfectly fair, but a stern one, and that it should go on to its final reckoning. "I mean to see that the men who did not treat our prisoners humanely be made responsible. We do not wish to pursue a policy of vengeance, but we have got to act that men in the future who feel tempted to follow the example of the rulers who plunged the world into war will know what is waiting for them at the end."

THE DELAY IN CASUALTY LISTS.

General Pershing Says They Are Forwarded as Fast as Received.

Washington, Nov. 30.—General Pershing called the war department yesterday that every effort is being made to report promptly the complete record of casualties among his forces. Reports of deaths are forwarded by cable to Washington as rapidly as received, he said, but as the army is on the march there is increasing difficulty in checking casualty lists.

POPULAR GOVT. IN JAPAN.

The Hara Cabinet Is Taken as Sign of the Same.

Tokio, Nov. 30 (Correspondence of the Associated Press).—The new cabinet headed by Takahashi Hara is hailed as the advent of popular government in Japan. For fifty years the champions of representative government have been struggling for a system under which the premier would be selected for that post because he was the leader of the majority party in the House of Representatives. This has been accomplished when Mr. Hara was chosen.

During that half century the government has been in the hands of clans and court circles generally styled bureaucratic. On the other hand Mr. Hara is a commoner. He has selected as members of his cabinet those of this party, introducing bureaucrats only as ministers of war and navy, who under the regulations must be chosen from army and naval circles.

"My ideal has at last been realized," exclaimed Marquis Okuma, Japan's "grand old man," who has labored all ways for the cause of democratic government. "The whole nation should support the Hara ministry if they are really desirous of the developments of constitutional politics in Japan. Japan should have new men, young and vigorous who are able to handle important affairs of state."

One of the first decisions adopted by the new cabinet was to abolish the customs of detailing detectives to accompany ministers wherever they might go and the opening of the ministerial apartments so that the people might have a freer access to them.

Mr. Hara's striking features are his large eyes and mass of white hair. He is sparing of words and speaks straight to the point looking one straight in the eye with frankness.

FIRST 500 LEAVE CAMP.

Under Government Demobilization Orders.

Ayer, Mass., Nov. 30.—The first men to be discharged from Camp Devens under the government demobilization orders, left for their homes yesterday. Nearly 500 soldiers, all members of the first development battalion, passed out through the gates after receiving their pay and transportation allowance, and many others will be discharged today. The men were from widely separated parts of the country and after purchasing their railroad tickets at the depot brigade receiving station were permitted to suit their own convenience in proceeding homeward.

PLAIN QUESTIONS TO BARRE PEOPLE

Every Barre Reader Will Admit the Soundness of the Logic.

Would Barre people recommend Doan's Kidney Pills as they do if the medicine were not reliable? Would they confirm their statements after years have elapsed if their experiences did not show the remedy to be deserving of it? Statements like the following must carry conviction to the mind of every reader: Geo. W. Lander, cigar manufacturer, 92 No. Main street, Barre, says: "My back began to bother me some ten years ago. I used a box of Doan's Kidney Pills and they strengthened my kidneys." (Statement given August 21, 1912.)

STEADFAST CONFIDENCE.

"I still have the same good opinion of Doan's that I had when I last recommended them." Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Lander had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfrs., Buffalo, N. Y.—Adv.

GERMAN DEMOCRATIC PARTY'S PURPOSES

Are to Support the Republic, to Further Democratic Reforms and to Oppose Bolshevism.

Berlin, Thursday, Nov. 28 (By the Associated Press).—The aims of the new German democratic party, the appeal of which for comprehension and support has been sent to President Wilson, were outlined to the correspondent-to-day by Theodor Wolff, editor-in-chief of the Berlin Tageblatt. It was on his initiative that the party was formed. He said: "Our party has been formed to support the republic, to further democratic reforms on a socialistic-economic basis and to furnish a rallying point for the middle classes and keep them from falling into the power of the reactionaries. The party will, naturally, oppose bolshevism with all means at its command. In other words, we aim to win and hold the middle classes for democracy."

Here Wolff explained that, in keeping with the party's aims, all former members of the progressive or other parties who have been active in military and nationalistic agitations, or who, like Dr. Gustav Stresemann, national-liberal member of the Reichstag, have actively advocated the submarine campaign, have been flatly informed that, while they cannot be excluded from the party if they desire to join, they will nevertheless be rigorously excluded from any participation in its leadership. "The party's membership is already colossal," said Herr Wolff, "and thousands of accessions are coming in daily. Virtually the whole progressive party membership, excepting a few on the extreme right, will join, and many prominent democrats who formerly stood aloof to the left that they were kept out of party councils. These include men like Hugo Preuss, Germany's foremost authority on constitutional law, who is now drafting a constitution for submission to the national assembly. Professor Walther Schurking of Marburg university, Professor Gerlach, Deputy Fishbeck and Professor Max Weber."

The left wing of the national-liberals is also furnishing recruits, according to Herr Wolff. The men include Prince Schoenach, Dr. M. J. Junck and Dr. Wittling, president of the National Bank of Berlin.

The national-liberals who opposed the reform of the Prussian franchise or favored the submarine campaign or other nationalist policies will be excluded from leadership. Herr Wolff declared that his party was by far the strongest in the empire, next to the socialists. It will favor the socialization of certain industries such as mines and will demand that great estates be divided up for settlement of returning soldiers. It holds, however, that private property shall not be touched without full compensation.

WINDSOR COUNTY.

Total	Popu-	Per
Salu-	lation	Capita
Andover	2,284	\$3.17
Barnard	4,480	7.77
Bethel	29,981	13.43
Bridgewater	15,938	8.74
CAVENDISH	34,810	12.08
Cheney	22,485	17.94
Hartford	41,018	9.79
Hartland	11,025	13.15
LUDLOW	39,295	23.15
Norwich	4,396	12.52
Plymouth	5,568	4.82
Putney	20,845	10.28
READING	9,775	5.50
Rochester	16,729	13.17
Royalton	21,674	14.52
Sharon	4,885	5.80
Springfield	78,291	4.78
Stockbridge	2,435	7.37
Westfield	6,364	1.02
Weston	10,437	6.32
West Windsor	10,065	6.87
Windsor	30,358	12.35
WOODSTOCK	44,618	25.45
Total	444,559	25.68

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

Total	Popu-	Per
Salu-	lation	Capita
Barre City	116,668	10.74
Barre Town	12,797	4.19
Berlin	4,299	1.07
Canastota	14,037	11.16
Calais	8,015	10.42
Duxbury	9,151	9.85
East Montpelier	7,088	4.02
Fairfax	3,714	6.95
Middlesex	184,328	7.65
MONTPELIER	9,715	8.86
Morristown	39,545	3.22
Northfield	11,078	7.85
Plainfield	5,425	5.15
Roxbury	16,166	6.22
WATTSVILLE	12,054	8.25
WATERBURY	67,459	3.73
Woodbury	2,406	2.24
Worcester	6,718	5.84
Total	847,862	41.70

CHITTENDEN COUNTY.

Total	Popu-	Per
Salu-	lation	Capita
Bolton	7,823	4.89
Burlington	229,829	20.84
Charlotte	7,737	1.73
Colchester	56,102	6.45
Essex	28,923	2.74
Hinesburg	10,521	10.42
Huntington	9,934	7.60
Jericho	7,015	1.97
Milton	20,612	14.68
Richmond	22,687	14.19
Shelburne	8,764	1.97
So. Burlington	1,603	1.87
*St. George	185	1.90
Underhill	12,541	10.04
Westford	6,124	8.54
Williston	9,846	1.00
Total	438,401	25.47

PROGRESS MADE IN WAR STAMPS

Vermont Had Purchased \$4,197,261.56 Up to Nov. 16

25 HONOR TOWNS, OR "OVER THE TOP"

The Per Capita Purchase on That Date Was \$11.79

Two important things need now to be said to those who have signed pledges for the purchase of War Savings Stamps. First, Vermont has thus far met every call in support of the war to the last item. The good old state must not fall in the War Savings Stamp campaign. Every pledge must be redeemed in order to meet our quota, and only a little more than a month remains to accomplish this result.

Second, your pledge is a bona fide contract between you and the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, and no person who promised to buy can be excused from carrying out his contract to the letter. The pledge is personal and is an agreement that must be kept without any failure. See to it that the stamps you promised to buy are purchased without delay.

Towns and cities printed in capitals have already exceeded their quota in maturity value of sales.

HENRY L. FARWELL, State Distributor War Savings.

CALCULATED COUNTY.

Total	Popu-	Per
Salu-	lation	Capita
Barnet	18,952	1.707
Burke	19,346	1.188
DANVILLE	26,238	1.544
GROTON	20,846	9.15
Hartford	46,378	2.01
Kirby	1,079	2.97
LYNDON	63,416	5.204
Newark	9,209	4.15
Regatta	17,473	1.194
Sheffield	8,797	6.91
St. Johnsbury	116,939	8.098
Walden	13,811	2.06
Waitsburg	4,547	7.12
Waterford	4,774	6.29
Wheelock	9,184	5.00
Total	\$50,558.50	26.03

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

Total	Popu-	Per
Salu-	lation	Capita
Bakersfield	12,287	1.079
Berkshire	15,999	1.286
ENOSBURG	42,535	2.212
Fairfax	11,448	1.818
Fairfield	17,248	1.778
Fletcher	2,962	7.87
FRANKLIN	15,468	1.198
Greenwich	9,048	1.090
Highgate	14,598	1.758
Montgomery	21,421	1.721
Marshall	34,792	2.907
Sheldon	15,457	1.246
ST. ALBANS CITY	143,136	6.351
St. Albans Town	4,492	2.617
Swanton	45,727	3.828
Total	\$405,857.58	29.56

WINDSOR COUNTY.

	Salu-	lation	Capita
Andover	\$991.21	284	\$3.17
Barnard	4,480.15	737	8.72
Bethel	29,981.60	1,943	15.42
Bridgewater	15,932.15	1,208	12.94
CAVENDISH	34,340.16	2,896	28.43
Cheney	22,485.85	1,748	12.81
Hartford	41,014.18	4,179	9.81
Hartland	11,022.49	1,216	8.25
LUDLOW	39,295.63	2,215	17.74
Norwich	4,396.77	1,202	9.89
Plymouth	2,409.65	482	5.00
Putney	4,764.61	703	6.78
READING	9,775.35	530	18.44
Rochester	16,729.64	1,317	13.45
Royalton	21,672.34	1,452	14.93
Sharon	4,883.94	585	11.78
Springfield	78,291.15	4,784	16.41
Stockbridge	2,435.62	737	8.21
Westfield	2,435.39	1,092	8.61
Weston	10,947.52	632	15.50
Wind	14,190.93	569	7.31
Windsor	30,956.71	2,407	12.85
WOODSTOCK	44,618.70	2,545	17.26